

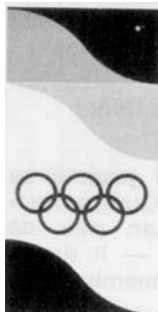
The Federal Republic of Germany and Olympism

"We know that in the world, where Olympic peace will arise only in the rare celestial hours of human mankind, we have to meet distrust. In our own country and beyond our borders. We now appeal for at least renunciation of all prejudices. We are fully aware of the gigantic challenge of this task. It will be a great honour for us to fulfil this task to the satisfaction of all. We gladly serve this great and good cause. A good cause lives from the good will of all. This thought will be our source of courage and strength for the next four years."

Willi Daume
President of the Organising Committee
for the Games of the XXth Olympiad - Munich 1972
(October 1968)

GERMANY (Federal Republic of)

248,500 square kilometres (including West Berlin).
59,000,000 inhabitants in 1973.



NATIONALES OLYMPISCHES KOMITEE FOR DEUTSCHLAND

(National Olympic Committee for Germany - NOKD).

Constituted on 24th September 1949.

President in office: Willi Daume*.

Secretary General: Walther Tröger*.

Address: Postfach 710 130, 6000 Frankfurt am Main 71.

Telephone: 0611/66 931.

Telex: 0416 595 dsbfr.

Cable: Nolkom Frankfurt.

Role of the NOKD

- To encourage the diffusion of Olympic ideas;
- to carry out the tasks given it by the IOC, including preparing and sending the best athletes to the Olympic Games;
- to make sure the Olympic symbols are respected;
- to work in close collaboration with NOCs throughout the world by endeavouring above all to assist the development of the least privileged NOCs.

Creation

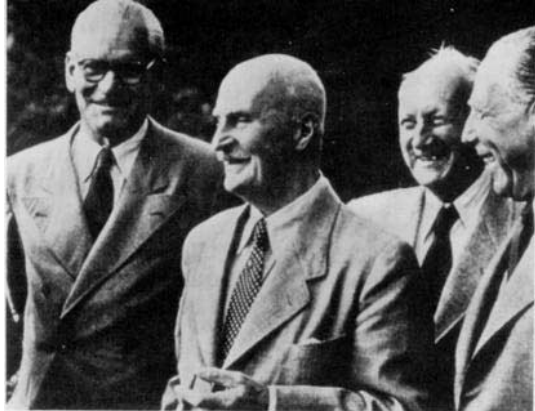
On 24th September 1949 in Bonn, *Duke Adolf Friedrich of Mecklenburg-Schwerin*¹, an IOC member since 1926, brought about the reconstitution of an NOC.

Its members' avowed aim was to reintegrate Germany into the Olympic family. The German athletes' participation in the 1952 Games shows the success of these efforts. In 1951 *Dr. Karl Ritter von Halt*¹, having returned from a concentration camp, became President of the NOC for ten years. A member of the IOC since 1929, this robust leader was a member of the IOC Executive Board from 1937 to 1945 and from 1957 to 1963.

* See biographical notes.

¹ See page 287-288.

In 1961 *Mr. Willi Daume**, Treasurer of the NOC since 1951 and member of the IOC since 1956, succeeded him. Since then his untiring activity and his creative spirit allowed him to acquire an undeniable authority within these organisations. We all owe him the success of the Olympic Games in Munich, of which he was President of the Organising Committee. Another member of the Organising Committee, *Mr. Berthold Beitz**, entered the IOC in 1972. Like his many German predecessors, he was to play a major role there.



From left to right: Karl Ritter von Halt, Adolf Friedrich of Mecklenburg, Carl Diem and Dr. Peco Bauwens.



Munich 1972 - Avery Brundage and Willi Daume.

The NOC of the Saar (1950-1956)

The IOC recognised the Saar Olympic Committee in 1950. Its President was Mr. Erwin Müller, ex-President of the Saar Administration Commission and future Minister of Justice. A delegation took part in the Helsinki Olympic Games.

The NOC was dissolved on 20th September 1956, just a few months after the Saar was reunited with the Federal Republic. Since then the Saar athletes have worn the German colours.

IOC members for Germany

1. *Mr. Willi Daume**, from 1956; member of the Executive Board and Vice-President since 1972.
2. *Dr. Georg von Opel**, from 1966 to 1971.
3. *H. R. H. Prince George Wilhelm of Hanover**, (ex officio, President of the International Olympic Academy), from 1966 to 1971.
4. *Mr. Berthold Beitz**, from 1972.

Successive Presidents of the NOC

1949-1951: Duke Adolf Friedrich of Mecklenburg-Schwerin¹.

1951-1961: Dr. Karl Ritter von Halt¹.

Since 1961: Willi Daume*.

¹ See page 287-288.

* See biographical notes.



Berthold Beitz



Georg von Opel

Prince G. of Hanover



THE FRG AND THE OLYMPIC GAMES

- **Date of first participation:** 1952.

Since then, the NOKD has sent a delegation to each Olympiad celebration and to all the Winter Games.

- **FRG cities which have applied to stage the Olympic Games**

Berlin, candidate city for the organisation of the equestrian events of the Games celebrating the XVIth Olympiad in 1956.

Munich, organising city for the Games of the XXth Olympiad, from 26th August to 11th September 1972, with 7131 participants from 122 countries.



Munich 1972 - The NOKD delegation.

Representation of the NOKD* at the Olympic Games from 1952 to 1972¹

	Athletics	Rowing	Basketball	Boxing	Canoeing	Cycling	Equestrian Events	Fencing	Football	Gymnastics	Weightlifting
1952	39(14)	21	0	10	10(1)	5	8(1)	9(1)	14	16(8)	5
1956	42(14)	12	0	8	10(1)	10	9(3)	1	11	6	2
1960	90(26)	26	0	10	10(2)	14	9(1)	19(6)	0	12(6)	7
1964	98(29)	26	0	10	12(3)	13	10	18(4)	19	12(6)	6
1968	67(15)	26	0	8	13(3)	14	11(1)	20(5)	0	12(6)	5
1972	101(30)	33	16	14	40(7)	20	17(2)	23(7)	29	17(9)	11

¹ The figures in brackets represent the number of women included in the first figure.
 ● Not included on the programme.

Representation of the NOKD at the Winter Games from 1952 to 1972¹

	Biathlon (Skiing & shooting)	Bobsleigh	Ice Hockey	Luge	Speed skating	Figure skating	Skiing	Total
1952	●	5	15	●	1	8(5)	24(7)	53(12)
1956	●	10	17	●	2	4(2)	30(9)	63(11)
1960	3	●	16	●	12(5)	11(5)	32(8)	74(18)
1964	4	9	17	9(3)	13(6)	12(6)	32(8)	96(23)
1968	5	14	18	11(2)	9(4)	10(5)	33(9)	100(20)
1972	2	14	20	14(3)	11(3)	8(3)	30(8)	109(17)

¹ The figures in brackets represent the number of women included in the first figure.

● Not included on the programme.

	Handball	Hockey	Judo	Wrestling	Swimming	Modern Pentathlon	Shooting	Archery	Volleyball	Yachting	Total
1952	●	15	●	8	22(7)	3	6	●	●	14	205(32)
1956	●	11	●	6	28(9)	0	2	●	●	10	168(27)
1960	●	14	●	15	42(14)	3	10	●	●	12	293(55)
1964	●	12	4	14	58(21)	3	10	●	0	11	336(63)
1968	●	18	●	9	46(13)	3	12	●	0	11	275(43)
1972	23	25	8	23	76(23)	5	16	5(2)	40(14)	17	559(94)

* In 1956, 1960 & 1964 the German Olympic delegation was common to both German NOCS.

The Olympic Champions of the NOKD

I. Titles obtained at the Olympic Games

Name	Christian Name	Sport	Event
Miltenberger Scheuer	Meinrad Michel	Canoeing	K2 1000 m
Winkler	Hans Günter	Equestrian	Jumping
Thiedemann	Fritz	—	Team jumping
Winkler	Hans Günter	—	—
Lütke-Westhues	Alfons	—	—
Bantz	Helmut	Gymnastics	Horse vault
Happe-Krey	Ursula	Swimming W.	200 m. breaststroke
Hary	Armin	Athletics	100 m.
Cullmann	Bernd	—	4 x 100 m.
Hary	Armin	—	—
Lauer	Martin	—	—
Mahlendorf	Walter	—	—
Cintl	Gerd	Rowing	Coxed fours
Effertz	Horst	—	—
Litz	Jürgen	—	—
Obst	Michael	—	—
Rieckemann	Klaus	—	—
Bittner	Klaus	—	Eights
von Groddeck	Karl-Heinrich	—	—
Hopp	Karlheinz	—	—
Lenk	Hans	—	—
Padge	Willi	—	—
Rulffs	Manfred	—	—
Schepke	Frank	—	—
Schepke	Kraft	—	—
Schröder	Walter	—	—
Knubel	Bernhard	—	Coxed pairs
Renneberg	Heinz	—	—
Zerta	Klaus	—	—
Krause + Lange	Dieter Paul	Canoeing	K. relay (4 x 500 m.)
Perleberg + Wentzke	Günther Friedhelm	—	—
Schockemöhle	Alwin	Equestrian	Team jumping
Thiedemann	Fritz	—	—
Winkler	Hans Günter	—	—
Schmid	Heidi	Fencing W.	Foil
Dietrich	Wilfried	Wrestling	Heavyweight
Kohnke	Peter	Shooting	Small bore rifle, prone
Holdorf	Willi	Athletics	Decathlon
Britting	Bernhard	Rowing	Coxed fours
Hirschfelder	Egbert	—	—
Neusel	Peter	—	—
Oelke	Jürgen	—	—
Werner	Joachim	—	—



1956 - Ursula Happe-Krey



1956 - Alfons Lütke-Westhues, Hans Günter Winkler, Fritz Thiedemann and the famous horse «Halla».

Year	Birth	Death
1956	1924	
—	1927	
1956	1926	
—	1918	
—	1926	
1956	1921	
1956	1926	
1960	1937	
—	1939	
—	1937	
—	1937	
—	1935	
1960	1938	
—	1938	
—	1938	
—	1944	—
—	1940	—
—	1939	—
—	1936	—
—	1936	—
—	1935	—
—	1935	—
—	1943	—
—	1935	—
—	1935	—
—	1934	—
—	1932	—
—	1938	—
—	1927	—
—	1945	—
1960	1936	
—	1931	
—	1935	
—	1935	
1960	1937	
—	1918	
—	1926	
1960	1938	
1960	1933	—
1960	—	1975
1964	1940	—
1964	1940	—
—	1924	—
—	1941	—
—	1940	—
—	1939	—



His country's most titled Olympic champion (5 gold medals between 1952 and 1972).

First athlete to run 100 m. in 10 secs.

- Armin Hary



1960 - Wilfried Dietrich



1960 - Heidi Schmid

Amassed four other Olympic medals between 1956 and 1968.

1964 - Willi Holdorf

Name	Christian Name	Sport	Event
Esser Zimmermann	Roswitha Annemarie	Canoeing W. —	<u>K2</u>
Claesges Henrichs Link Streng	Lothar Karlheinz Karl Ernst	Cycling — — —	Team pursuit — — —
Boldt Klimke Neckermann Jarasinski Schridde Winkler	Harry Reiner Josef Kurt Hermann Hans Günter	Equestrian — — — —	Team dressage — — Team jumping —
Kuhweide	Willi	Yachting	Finn
Becker	Ingrid	Athletics W.	Pentathlon
Henning Hirschfelder Hottenrott Meyer Ott Schreyer Siebert Tiersch Ulbricht	Rüdiger Egbert Wolfgang Forst Nikolaus Dirk Jörg Günther Lutz	Rowing — — — — — — — —	Eights — — — — — — — —
Esser Zimmermann	Roswitha Annemarie	Canoeing W. —	K2 —
Klimke Linsenhoff Neckermann	Reiner Lieselott Josef	Equestrian — —	Team dressage — —
Klingner	Bernd	Shooting	Small bore rifle, 3 positions
Kannenberg Wolferrmann	Bernd Klaus	Athletics —	50 km walk Javelin
Faick Meyfarth Rosendahl Krause Mickler-Becker Richter Rosendahl	Hildegard Ulrike Heide Christiane Ingrid Annegret Heide	Athletics W. — — — — — —	800 m High jump Long jump 4 x 100 m — — —
Auer Benter Berger Bierl Färber	Gerhard Uwe Peter Alois Hans-Johann	Rowing — — — —	Coxed fours — — — —
Colombo Haritz Hempel Schumacher	Jürgen Günter Udo Günter	Cycling — — —	Team pursuit — — —

1964 - Roswitha Esser and Annemarie Zimmermann

Year	Birth	Death	Notes
1964	1941	—	
—	1940	—	
1964	1942	—	
—	1942	—	
—	1942	—	
1964	1930	—	
—	1936	—	
—	1912	—	
—	1938	—	
—	1937	—	
—	1926	—	
1964	1943	—	
1968	1942	—	
1968	1943	—	
—	1942	—	
—	1940	—	
—	1941	—	
—	1945	—	
—	1944	—	
—	1944	—	
—	1954	—	
—	1942	—	
1968	1941	—	
—	1940	—	
1968	1936	—	
—	1927	—	
—	1912	—	
1968	1940	—	
1972	1942	—	
—	1946	—	
—	1949	—	
—	1956	—	
—	1947	—	
—	1950	—	
—	1942	—	
—	1950	—	
—	1947	—	
1972	1943	—	
—	1955	—	
—	1949	—	
—	1943	—	
—	1947	—	
1972	1949	—	
—	1948	—	
—	1946	—	
—	1949	—	



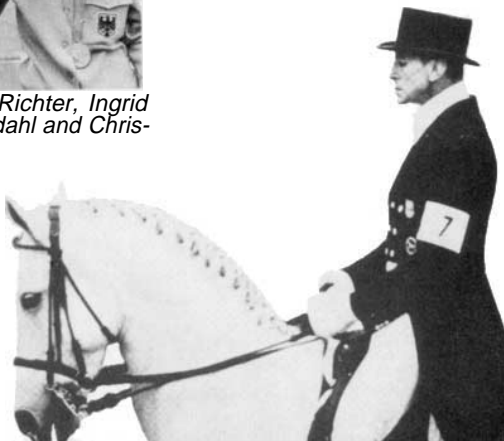
Holder of six Olympic medals (2 in each metal), President of German Sport Aid.



1968 - The President of the FISA, Mr. Thomas Keller, and the President of the IOC, Avery Brundage, congratulate the winning eights crew.



1972 - 4 x 100m: Annegret Richter, Ingrid Mickler-Becker, Heide Rosendahl and Christiane Krause.



1968 - Josef Neckermann

Name	Christian Name	Sport	Event
Kottysch	Dieter	Boxing	Light middleweight
Ligges	Fritz	<u>E</u> questrian	<u>T</u> eam jumping
Steenken	Hartwig	—	—
Wiltfang	Gerd	—	—
Winkler	Hans-Günter	—	—
Linsenhoff	Lieselott	—	Dressage
Baumgart	Wolfgang	Hockey	
Dröse	Horst		
Freise	Dieter		
Kaessmann	Werner		
Keller	Carsten		
Kittstein	Detlev		
Klaes	Ulmich		
Kraus	Peter		
Krause	Michael		
Peter	Michael		
Rott	Wolfgang		
Schmidt	Fritz		
Seifert	Rainer		
Strödter	Wolfgang		
Suhl	Eckart		
Thelen	Eduard		
Trump	Peter		
Vos	Uli		
Wirnhier	Konrad	Shooting	Skeet



1972 - Field hockey.

II. Titles obtained at the Winter Games

Name	Christian Name	Sport	Event
Falk-Baran	Ria	<u>F</u> igure skating	<u>P</u> airs
Falk	Paul	—	—
Nieberl	Lorenz	<u>B</u> obsleigh	<u>2</u> -man
Ostler	Andreas	—	—
Kemser	Franz	—	4-man
Kuhn	Fritz	—	—
Nieberl	Lorenz	—	—
Ostler	Andreas	—	—
Reichert	Ossi	Alpine skiing W.	Giant slalom
Thoma	Georg	Nordic skiing	Combined
Biebl	Heidi	Alpine skiing W.	Downhill
Schnelldorfer	Manfred	Figure skating	
Keller	Franz	Nordic skiing	Combined
Keller	Erhard	<u>S</u> peed skating	500 m
Keller	Erhard	—	500 m
Pflug	Monika	Speed skating W.	1000 m
Utzschneider	Peter	<u>B</u> obsleigh	<u>2</u> -man
Zimmerer	Wolfgang	—	—

Year	Birth	Death
1972	1943	—
—	1938	—
—	1941	—
—	1946	—
—	1926	—
—	1927	—
1972	1949	<i>1972 - Dieter Kottysch</i>
—	1949	
—	1945	
—	1947	
—	1939	
—	1944	
—	1946	
—	1941	
—	1946	
—	1949	
—	1946	
—	1943	
—	1947	
—	1948	
—	1946	
—	1950	
—	1946	
1972	1937	



1972 - Liselott Lisenhoff



1968 - Erhard Keller



Year	Birth	Death
1952	1922	—
—	1921	—
1952	1919	1968
—	1921	—
—	1910	—
—	1919	1968
—	1921	—
1956	1925	—
1960	1937	—
—	1941	—
1964	1943	—
1968	1944	—
1968	1944	—
1972	1944	—
—	1954	—
1972	1946	—
—	1940	—



1952 - Ria and Paul Falk



1964 - Manfred Schnelldorfer



1960 - Heidi Biebl

+ : GDR athlete.
W. Women.



From left to right: Dr. Max Danz, Dr. Walter Wülfing, Willi Daume, Berthold Beitz, Walther Tröger and Fritz Wagnerburger.

PRESENT ORGANISATION OF THE NOKD

- *Composition:* The NOC includes the IOC members for Germany, a representative of each of the national sports federations whose sports are on the Olympic programme, the President of the German Sports Association (DSB), personal members, honorary members and members of the Arbitration Board.

- *Meetings:* All the members meet either in the general assembly (every four years after the celebration of the Olympiad) or in the members' annual assembly. These meetings provide an opportunity for elections, voting on resolutions on the activity programmes and the budget, and controlling the NOC's other bodies.

- *The Presidium* is composed of the President, the three Vice-Presidents (two for the Olympic Games and one for the Winter Games), the Treasurer, four associate members, two delegates from the German Olympic Society, two representatives of the German Sports Aid, the IOC members for Germany, the President of the DSB, and the honorary members.

It is elected for four years by the general assembly. The steering body of the NOC, the Presidium acts in the spirit of the assembly's resolutions. It directs the work of the administration under the Secretary General's direction.

- *Commissions* such as the Finance Commission and the International Olympic Academy Commission may be created to ease the Presidium's job.

- *The Arbitration Board* is called upon to solve disputes which may arise.

Members of the present Presidium

PT: Mr. Willi Daume*; *VPTs:* Dr. Max Danz*, Dr. Claus Hess*, Mr. Fritz Wagnerberger*; *T:* Dr. Hermann Jannsen*; *SG:* Mr. Walther Tröger*; *Ms:* Messrs. Berthold Beitz*, Eberhard von Brauchitsch, Jan Eilers, Richard Hartmann, Dr. Hermann Karg, Messrs. Dieter Graf Landsberg-Velen, Josef Neckermann, Hermann Neuberger, Paul Skonieczny, Willi Weyer; *Hon. M:* Dr. Walter Wülfing.*

Financing of the NOKD

Various sources assure the financing of the NOC: membership fees, donations and state subsidies. The major part of these funds are supplied by the government and enable it to fulfil its daily tasks. However, these means are limited and must be granted annually. Therefore, the NOC has delegated part of its tasks to the German Olympic Society and the German Sports Aid, which act on behalf of the NOC with their own resources from fund raising and donations.

● Federations affiliated to the NOKD

	Creation ¹	Affiliation to the IF	1952	Members in 1968	1974
Athletics	1949	1950	324 758	588 802	637 140
Rowing	1949	1951	50 150	67 008	73 604
Basketball	1949		6 161	27 647	46 416
Bobsleigh (and luge)	1949	1950 1953	1 914	2 622	4 526
Boxing	1949	1950	34 149	40 699	37 441
Canoeing	1949	1950	36 921	66 632	75 895
Cycling	1948	1950	60 210	50 987	58 305
Equestrian		1952	105 960	165 703	288 322
Fencing	1949	1952	12 405	14 868	19 861
Football	1949	1950	1 248 481	2 619 277	3 413 076
Gymnastics	1950	1951	1 063 868	1 994 061	2 680 247
Weightlifting	1969 ²		43 682	65 098	12 143
Handball	1949	1951	233 559	326 741	495 775
Hockey	1949		26 557	33 184	35 926
Judo	1953	1955		58 433	142 853
Wrestling	1972 ²	1951	43 682	65 098	61 072
Swimming	1949	1949	235 573	357 320	545 210
Modern pentathlon	1961	1962			840
Ice sports	1948	1951	17 304	47 635	72 956
Skiing	1948	1951	103 196	194 242	302 055
Shooting	1951	1952	307 475	639 734	826 493
Volleyball	1955	1957		11 701	90 057
Yachting	1949	1951	17 425	64 685	96 105

¹ Re-establishment after 1945.

² Association for weightlifting and wrestling until 1972.

THE NOKD AND OLYMPISM

● IOC Sessions held in the FRG

1959 Session in Munich.

1963 Session in Baden-Baden.

1972 Session in Munich.

● Olympic awards obtained

Olympic Cup

1973 — By the population of the city of Munich for its exemplary participation in the Games celebrating the XXth Olympiad.

Olympic Diploma

— By Prof. Carl Diem¹, 31st holder in 1956, for his immeasurable Olympic work.

¹ See page 287-288.

— By Rudolf Hagelstange, 40th holder in 1963, for his sports literary work.

— By Otl Aicher, 55th holder in 1973, for his creation of the design programme used for the 1972 Olympic Games.

Count Alberto Bonacossa *Trophy*

By the German NOC in 1958.

● The protection of the Olympic emblems

In 1975 the NOKD assembly will modify the statutes in order to include a clause ensuring the protection of the Olympic emblems. So far the state does not ensure this protection.

● The International Olympic Academy

Inspired by the Greek Janos Ketseas, and supported by Carl Diem¹, the IOA is very dear to German sportsmen. The participation of their archaeologists, supported by various associations to complete the excavations at Olympia, is not foreign to this enthusiasm. Our readers can refer to Dr. Berthold Fellmann's article, published in No. 64-65 of the "Olympic Review", on the history of these excavations.

Since the Academy's creation, not a single session has passed without the brilliant participation of German lecturers and a delegation from the NOKD composed of students or teachers of real merit. Among the most faithful, let us note Prof. Liselott Diem, wife of Carl Diem, holder of the sports instruction chair at the Deutsche Sporthochschule in Cologne, Dr. Heinrich Bartels, archaeologist and Under-Secretary of State for Education, Dr. Erwin Lauerbach, Prof. Franz Lotz, Director of the Physical Education Institute of the University of Würzburg, the late Dr. Georg von Opel*, member of the IOC, and Mr. Walther Tröger*, Secretary General of the German NOC.

In addition Prince George Wilhelm of Hanover* was President of the IOA from 1966 to 1971 and in this capacity was an ex officio member of the IOC.

● Publications of the NOKD

Apart from its periodical "Olympisches Feuer", the NOC of Germany publishes several magazines to favour the spreading of Olympic ideas in the Federal Republic.

● Olympic Bibliography

Official Reports on the Olympic Games XXth Olympiad - Munich 1972 (in preparation).

The *Carl Diem Institute* in Cologne has been publishing original Olympic works since 1966, such as anthologies of the principal writings of Coubertin and

Diem¹ (in French, English and German), collections of speeches and correspondence on the Olympic Games, "Willibald Gebhardt (1861-1921)" written by Eerke Hamer, a translation of the report of the 1896 Olympic Games, a work by Ernst Hoger entitled "Pierre de Coubertin's Olympism", etc.

Principal books

1948 — Carl Diem: "*Ewiges Olympica*" (Eternal Olympics). Published by Aug. Lutzeyer, Minden, Westphalia.

1960 — Carl Diem: "*Weltgeschichte des Sports und der Leibeserziehung*" (Universal History of Sport and Physical Education). Published by Cotta, Stuttgart.

1962 — Walter Umminger: "*Helden, Götter, Übermenschen*" (Heroes, Gods and Supermen). Published by Econ. Verlag, GmbH, Dusseldorf.

1964 — Carl Diem: "*776 v. Chr. Olympiaden*" (Olympic Games 776 B. C.). Published by Cotta, Stuttgart.

1964 — Dr. H. Lenk: "*Werte Ziele Wirklichkeit der modernen Olympischen Spiele*" (Values, aims and reality of the Modern Olympic Games). Published by D. Hofmann Schorndorf, Stuttgart.

1966 — Liselott Diem: "*Ein Gedenkblatt für Dr. Willibald Gebhardt, Sonderdruck aus die Leibeserziehung*" (Extract from "Physical Education" — a commemorative issue for Dr. Willibald Gebhardt). Published by Hofmann Schorndorf, Stuttgart.

1968 — Ekkehard zur Megede: "*Die Geschichte der Olympischen Leichtathletik*" (The History of Olympic Athletics), 2 volumes. Published by Bartels and Wernitz, Berlin.

1969 — Rudolf Malter: "*Der Olympismus Pierre de Coubertin's*" (Pierre de Coubertin's Olympism). Published by Barz and Beienburg, Cologne.

1969 — Walter Umminger: "*Die Olympischen Spiele der Neuzeit bis München*" (Olympic Games of the Modern

Era up to Munich). Published by Olympischer Sport, Dortmund.

1969 — Uberhorst: *“Von Athen bis München”* (From Athens to Munich). Published by Bartels and Wernitz, Berlin.

1970 — Karl Adolf Scherer: *“75 Olympische Jahre, Nationales Olympisches Komitee für Deutschland 1895-1970”* (75th Olympic Anniversary of the German National Olympic Committee 1895-1970). Published by proSport, Munich.

1970 — Ulrich Kaiser: *“Zahlt sich München aus? Ideen und Investitionen für 1972”* (Is Munich a viable proposition? Ideas and Investments for 1972). Published by Limpert Verlag, Frankfurt.

1971 — Robert Lembke: *“Das grosse Handbuch der Olympischen Sommerspiele”* (Large Handbook to the Summer Olympic Games). Published by Kindler, Munich.

1972 — Hans Klein and Walter Uminger: *“Avery Brundage, Die Herausforderung”* (Avery Brundage - The Challenge). Published by proSport, Munich.

1972 — M. A. Louis Zgoll-Wallburg: *“Spiele der XXe Olympiade”* (Games of the XXth Olympiad). Published by Defurton, Frankfurt.

1972 — Harald Lechenperg: *“Olympische Spiele - München-Sapporo”* (Olympic Games - Munich and Sapporo). Published by Copress, Munich.

1972 — Karl Adolf Scherer: *“München 72 - Sapporo 72, Olympiabuch der Stiftung”* (Munich 72-Sapporo 72 - proSport's Olympic Book). Published by proSport, Munich.

1972 — Karl Siebert: *“Von Athen bis München 1896-1972”* (From Athens to Munich 1896-1972). Published by Selbst Verlag, Hamm.

1972 — Arnd Krüger: *“Die Olympischen Spiele 1936 und die Weltmeinung”* (The 1936 Olympic Games and World Opinion). Published by Bartels and Wernitz, Berlin.

SPORT IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

● State aid for the sports movement

Sport remains exempt from any state interference—no law or decree can govern it or impose bureaucratic standards on it. Although encouraged by public administration, sport is administratively autonomous. The federal government encourages measures serving the expansion of sport.

● Other sports governing bodies

— The *German Sports Association* (Deutscher Sportbund - DSB), created in 1950, is composed of 78 federations grouping nearly 13 million members.

While over 4000 of the officers receive payment, 455,000 give their services voluntarily. 5,800 coaches are occupied full-time and 86,800 part-time.

— The *Regional Sports Federations* (over 40,000) represent the real pillars of the German sports movement. After their re-birth, between 1946 and 1949, their amalgamation could be witnessed at the ward, district and Land levels.

— The *46 National Sports Federations* unite the Land associations. They regulate all general matters within their particular discipline and represent Germany in the International Federations.

— The *Land sports federations*: parallel to the organisation of German sport according to specific disciplines, there is also one on a regional level. All sports clubs of a Land form these federations which look after their interests, promote the construction of training facilities, train and pay leaders, provide insurance coverage, cultural care, etc.

- The *German Sports Aid*, founded in 1967, serves exclusively to provide material and moral support to athletes in order to compensate the demands of society. The 1964 and 1968 Olympic dressage champion, Dr. Josef Neckermann, is President of this organisation.
- The *German Olympic Society* (Deutsche Olympische Gesellschaft - DOG) is a private association of supporters and friends of sport. Founded in 1951, it has since done pioneering work. The DOG supports the Olympic idea in close co-operation with the NOC and the DSB. Having come to the conclusion that promoting Olympism should not be limited to the support of the Games and the athletes, the Society extended its activities to the promotion of recreation and popular sport. It developed the "Golden Plan" as a means for attracting the entire population towards sport. This plan is a comprehensive programme for the planning and financing of recreation and sports facilities. It requires communities to relate all their planning to its guidelines. The total cost of "Golden Plan" amounts to approximately 15,000 million DM (15,975 million Swiss francs).

● Sport in school

Teachers were quick to recognise the usefulness of sport and thus wise initiatives allowed the development of school sport. All pupils at general schools have three hours of physical exercise per week. In reality, however, only two hours per week are set aside for it—more at secondary schools and less at primary schools. The reasons for this unsatisfactory situation are an insufficient number of qualified sports teachers and often also the lack of appropriate sports facilities. There is almost no regular physical education at professional schools.

The sports disciplines still dominating in schools are apparatus work, swimming, athletics, handball and football. However, there is a tendency to include more and more leisure sports disciplines in the curricula, such as water sports, badminton, volleyball, tennis and table tennis, ice skating and skiing.

● Youth Games in the FRG

Each year over 5 million pupils of all ages take part in these mass competitions.

● Number of members

In all, nearly 12 million membership cards are issued every year by the 44 national sports associations of Germany. Apart from the 23 associations recognised by the NOC, there are, in order of importance, the federations of tennis, table tennis, fishing, motor racing, for the physically handicapped, chess, flying clubs, dancing, badminton, golf, speed-boat racing, billiards, rugby, etc.

● Sports installations

In 1971, the FRG, including West Berlin, had:

29,900 sports grounds and school sports grounds;

19,100 gymnasia;

1,840 open-air swimming pools;

1,840 indoor 50 m. swimming pools.

The present boom is largely due to the work of the German Olympic Society. The "golden plan" for sports construction, fixed by this body in 1959, has established the exact needs, finalised a method of financing, and mobilised public interest.

- **Sports which draw the biggest crowds**

Football, ice sports and athletics.

- **Sports experiencing the greatest developments**

Judo, volleyball and basketball.



Ernst Zimmermann

Max Rinckenburger



WITHIN THE INTERNATIONAL FEDERATIONS

Within the 26 International Federations, the sports of which appear on the Olympic programme, two German leaders hold the position of Secretary General: Messrs. Ernst Zimmermann (shooting) and Max Rinckenburger (handball). In addition, delegates of national federations, which are members of the NOKD, often achieve recognition: let us mention Mr. Max Danz*, Council member and President of the Medical Commission of the International Amateur Athletic Federation, Dr. Walter Wülfing* and Mr. Claus Hess* in the Fédération Internationale des Sociétés d'Aviron (rowing).

BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES

Peco Bauwens (1886-1963)

One of the founders of the National Olympic Committee for Germany in 1949, and for a long time its Vice-President, thereafter becoming an honorary member. In 1910 he played in the national football team against Belgium. Later he became an international referee, conducting 82 international games.

From 1925 to 1945 he held a leading position in the Fédération Internationale de Football Association and from 1949 to 1962 he was President of the German Football Association. Independent lawyer of the NOC.

Berthold Beitz

IOC member since 1972. Born in 1913. Industrial manager, from 1953 to 1967 Executive Manager of A. Krupp in Essen; since 1967 Director of the Board of the Krupp Foundation. Member of the Organising Committee for the Games celebrating the XXth Olympiad in Munich in 1972 and President of the Sailing Committee for the events in Kiel. At the IOC, he also takes part in the work of the Finance Commission.

Dr. Max Danz

Born in 1908. Doctor of medicine, one of the founders of the NOC for Germany in 1949, and together with Dr. Peco Bauwens* its first Vice-President. Has been Vice-President again since 1961. From 1949 to 1970, President of the German Athletics Association, member of the International Amateur Athletic Federation Council and of the IAAF European Committee. In 1930 student world champion (relays), and took part in the 800 m. race at the 1932 Olympic Games. Board member of the Organising Committee for the Olympic Games in Munich.

Willi Daume

IOC member since 1956 and President of the NOC for Germany since 1961. Born in 1913. Is regarded as the most important German sports organiser since the Second World War. Steel industrialist from Dortmund. Member of the 1936 Olympic basketball team and in 1938-1939 one of the best German indoor handball players. Made private visits to the 1928 Olympic Games in Amsterdam and in 1932 in Los Angeles. President of the German Handball As-

sociation after the war, and in 1949 became Treasurer of the NOC which he has presided since 1961.

Entering the IOC in 1956, he was elected Vice-President in 1972. From 1950 to 1970, President of the German Sports Association, the first democratic parent organisation of German sports, which he developed into a movement comprising 10 million members. President of the Organising Committee for the Games celebrating the XXth Olympiad in Munich in 1972.

HRH Prince George Wilhelm of Hanover

Born in 1915. As President of the International Olympic Academy in Olympia (Greece) (1965 to 1970), he was an ex officio member of the IOC from 1966 to 1971. Member of the Organising Committee for the 1972 Olympic Games in Munich. Among the best German three-day event riders in 1940 and 1960. A Doctor of Laws, the Prince was a tutor in Salem. He directed the Riding Academy in Munich.

Dr. Claus Hess

Born in 1933. Economist. Since 1966, successor to Dr. Walther Wülfing* as President of the German Rowing Association and Vice-President of the NOC since 1973. Former champion oarsman, four times German champion from 1955 to 1959; in 1959 at Coxhaven, he was the European coxed fours champion.

Dr. Hermann Janssen

Born in 1900. Treasurer of the NOC since 1951, he holds the same office in the German Olympic Society. Banker, member of the Board of Directors of the Frankfurter Bank.

Dr. Georg von Opel (1912-1971)

IOC member from 1966 to 1971. An outstanding sportsman, he presided over and encouraged the development of the

German Olympic Society from 1951 to 1969. President of the German Olympic Archery Association from 1951 until his death. He had the "Golden Plan" developed in the German Olympic Society and took up the question of amateur problems in the IOC. This descendant of the Rüsselsheim motor dynasty was among the best German oarsmen between 1931 and 1951, becoming Canadian champion in 1933 and American champion in 1934.

Between 1947 and 1951 he won several German titles in single sculls, fours and eights.

Walther Tröger

Secretary General of the NOC since 1961. Born in 1929. Lawyer. From 1953 to 1961, Secretary General of the German University Sports Association. Former athlete: athletics, handball and basketball player. Member of the IOC Commission for the Olympic Programme and of the IOC Commission for Olympic Solidarity.

Fritz Wagnerberger

Born in 1937. Business economist. Vice-President of the NOC since 1973. President of the German Skiing Association since 1970. In the sixties he was one of the best German skiers, four times German champion and took part in the Winter Games in 1960 and 1964. Was also seven times student world champion.

Walter Wülfing

Born in 1901. Vice-President of the NOC for Germany from 1961 to 1973, thereafter honorary member. President of the German Rowing Association from 1949 to 1966. Founder of the Competition Associations for German rowing and was a member of the Arbitration Committee. Has been a member of commissions and Vice-President of the Fédération Internationale des Sociétés d'Aviron (rowing) for many years.